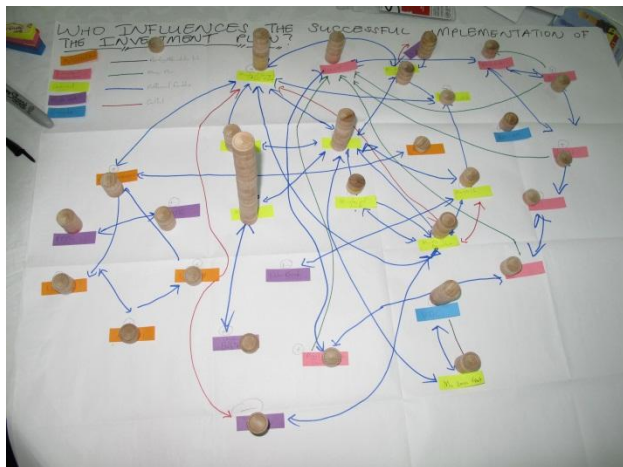
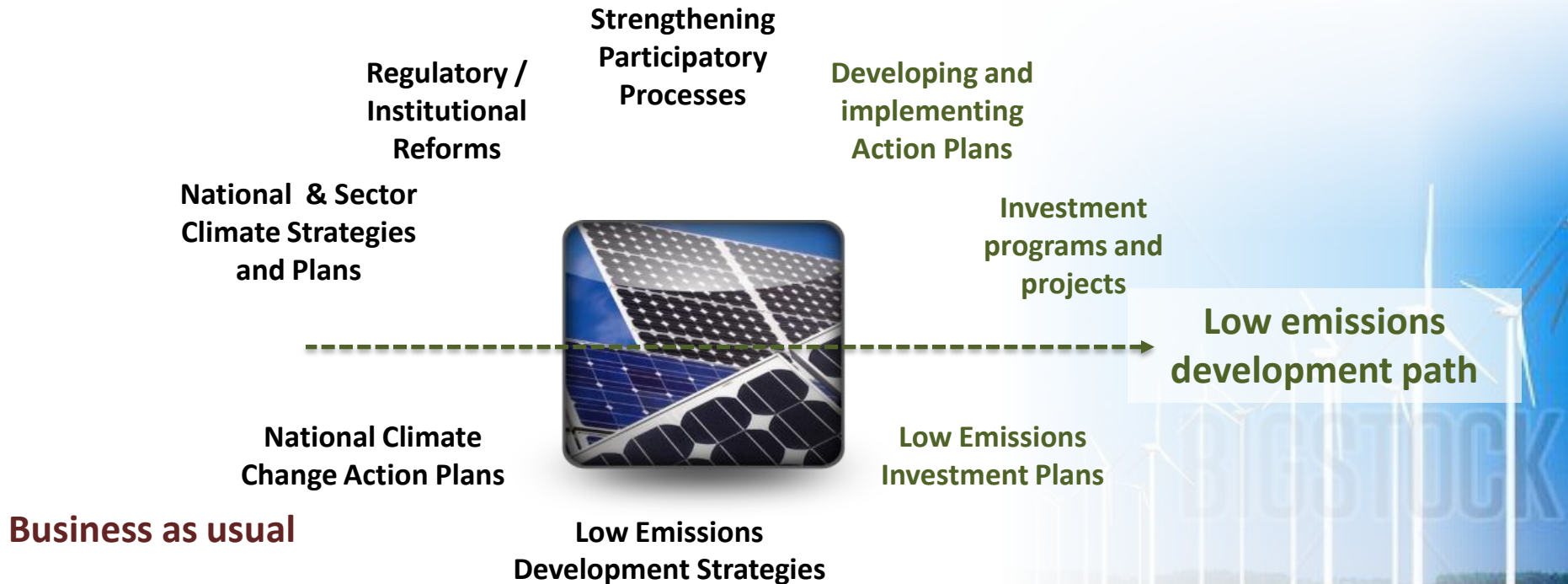


# Why coordination matters for green growth/ LEDS



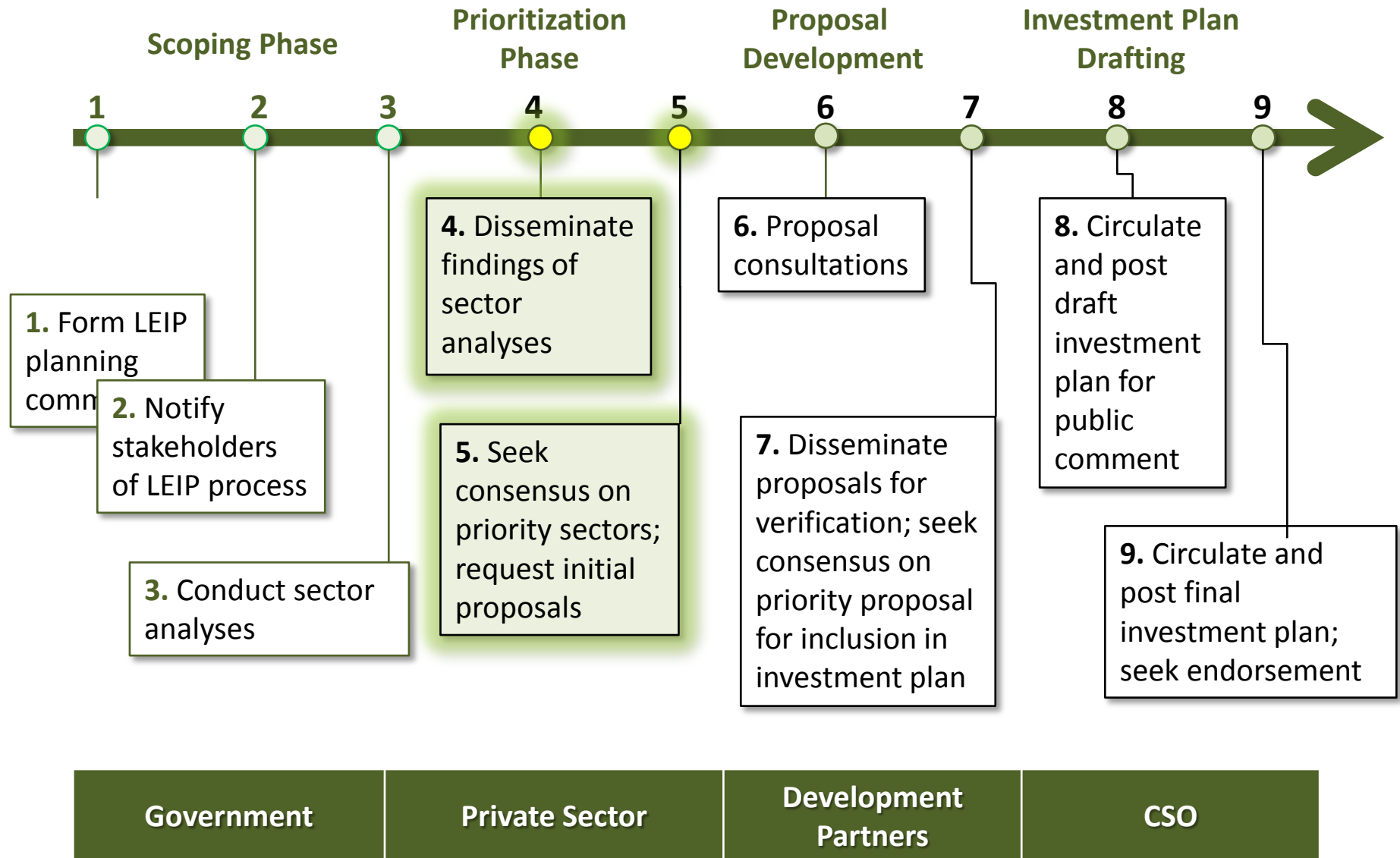
## Challenge:

**Technical vs. adaptive**  
**Impact vs. output**  
**Infinite vs. finite**

## Lessons learnt

**Process matters;**  
**Collaboration is not an add-on but a must**  
**Engagement actions should be clearly defined**

# Example: Stakeholder Engagement for Low Emissions Investment Planning (LEIP)



# Example: Initiating Stakeholder Engagement Low Emissions Investment Planning (LEIP)

## Types of Stakeholder Engagement

### Information sharing

- Broad outreach to raise awareness of key stakeholders
- Share basic information on LEIP objectives and limitations

### Questions for Stakeholder Engagement

- What are we going to do?
- What are the projects being considered?
- Who will implement them, who will benefit, and who might be harmed?
- How will we pay for this?
- Who will pay for this?
- Why bother – do we really need this?

### Consultation

- Initial consultations for LEIP conceptualization at high level
- Formal consultations at project level during LEIP implementation stage

- What are the development goals?
- Are there lower emissions options to achieve these goals?
- What and where are the greenhouse gas mitigation potentials?
- Do they make sense economically from a planning perspective?
- Would the reductions happen spontaneously?
- How much additional financing is needed?
- Who will be affected and what are the impacts?

# Example: Initiating Stakeholder Engagement Low Emissions Investment Planning (LEIP)

## Planning Committee: Roles and Composition (Support Needed)

Lead and coordinate process

Ministries of Finance and Planning, can consider broad and sector-specific development strategies and allocate budgets

Gather and review sector and technical information, investment proposals

- Ministries of Energy, Transport, and Environment, important collaborators
- Specialized agencies, national power utilities, independent regulators

Engage with public stakeholders and technical/financial partners

- **Stakeholder groups: government institutions, utilities, industries, technology and service providers, financiers, consumers, and people directly affected by projects**
- **Link to existing multi-stakeholder platforms, mechanisms**

South Africa	Mexico	Honduras	Kenya
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Treasury</li> <li>• <b>Department of Environment</b></li> <li>• <b>National Power Utility</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ministry of Finance</li> <li>• <b>Min. of Energy</b></li> <li>• <b>Min. of Transport</b></li> <li>• <b>National Development Banks</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Min. of the Presidency</li> <li>• Min. of Finance</li> <li>• <b>Min. of Natural Resources and Environment</b></li> <li>• <b>National Energy Commission</b></li> <li>• <b>National Power Utility</b></li> <li>• <b>National RE Business Association</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Min. of Energy</li> <li>• Min. of Finance</li> <li>• <b>Geothermal Development Company</b></li> <li>• <b>National Power Utility</b></li> <li>• <b>National Transmission Company</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural Electrification Agency</b></li> <li>• <b>National Energy Commission</b></li> </ul>